



PUBLISHED DAILY AND TRI-WEEKLY BY
EDGAR SNOWDEN.
FRIDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 13, 1880.

The Richmond Whig says "we have nothing to say as to the sentence passed upon Mr. Poindeux to serve two years in the penitentiary, but we express the general public sentiment in saying that Miss Correll's conduct in marrying him is most noble." Unlike the Whig, we have something to say about Mr. Poindeux's sentence, though it may be only a repetition of what was said at the time of his trial, and that is, that considering all the circumstances of the case—the insult to his sweet-heart, the code of honor in which he had been educated, which taught him that a blow justified the use of a pistol or knife; the prevalence of that idea among the people of his State; the experience of the past to the same effect; the attack upon him by two men, who, in view of what had preceded it, he had every right to suppose were armed, the repeated warning he gave his assailant, and his retreat before the latter's blow until the latter stopped him—the sentence was no less than unjust. Leaving out of view all that had preceded the shooting, the mere fact that he was attacked in his own place of business by two men, one of whom was beating him with a stick, warranted, according to every natural law of self defense, his use of the pistol. If he had been shot by Correll, who he attacked the latter several days before, that shooting, also, would have been justifiable, but in a less degree, considering the cause that provoked the attack. If there ever was a case that merited pardon it was Poindeux's.

A democratic Congress that was afraid to assume the responsibility of voting in accordance with its sense of right and justice has enriched the pension agents by the passage of the act of pensions bill, and now, influenced by the same fear, proposes to sit quietly and see one hundred millions more taken out of the treasury for the benefit of these same agents, for they get the largest share of what they collect, by a bill to equalize the benefits of the federal soldiers in the late war. The patriotic soldiers were satisfied with what the government had given them, and would never have thought of either the increase of pensions bill or this new bill if it had not been suggested to them by the pension agents, and though both are wrong, a democratic Congress, against the dictates of both sense and justice, and animated solely by the low fear of what is called the soldier's vote, has passed one, and, in all probability, will soon pass the other. And of such are the democratic statesmen of the country.

The Irish relief fund, owing chiefly to the efforts of the New York Herald, is rapidly reaching magnificent proportions. It is hoped that Alexandria's contribution next Monday night may be a liberal one. No matter what the cause of the distress in Ireland may be, there is no doubt that human beings are suffering there for food, and that man must have a hard heart who can withstand the appeals of a starving fellow creature. We are sorry to see that the Irish in Washington are to spend money on a parade on St. Patrick's Day, instead of sending it to their suffering countrymen. Such action, like the course being pursued by Mr. Parnell and his co-laborer, Keating, are calculated to no slight degree to diminish the contributions that the generous people of this country are now sending to the Irish sufferers.

General Hood's opinion of General Joseph E. Johnston, as expressed in his forthcoming book, will go far to confirm the wisdom of ex-President Davis in relieving the latter of his command. It was the opinion of some of the best military men in the Confederacy, at the time, that that relief should have been ordered at an earlier date, and many of the best informed men in military affairs in all parts of the country believe now that "Sherman's March to the Sea" would never have been written if General Johnston had been relieved a month earlier.

The Virginia Law Journal takes the ground that the county judges elected by the Legislature since the 1st of January have the right to enter upon their duties at once. It may be so, but if so, it is against the plain letter of the Constitution. At any rate it will be well to wait for the decision of the Court of Appeals before disposing of the case, especially as the Law Journal bases its argument upon the improbable hypothesis that the words "first appointment" don't mean the first judges elected under the existing Constitution.

The recently discovered attempts of Secretary Sherman to get Sherman delegates to the Republican National Convention, through the means of the federal office holders in some of the States, has induced many of our republican exchanges to agree with the democrats in their long entertained opinion of Mr. Hayes' civil service reform circular. Of all attempted deceptions that was the most glaringly ridiculous.

The report that the Pope is disposed to sanction an arrangement by which the high churchmen of the Episcopal Church can be received within the Catholic fold without relinquishing all of their tenets is calculated to produce no little excitement in the English Church, many of whose prominent men are said to be by no means averse to it.

A bill has been introduced in the Legislature for abolishing the Department of Agriculture, Mines and Manufactures. It should be passed by all means. Anything to cut down the expenses of the State government, which are now a great deal more than they were before Vir-

ginia had been robbed of a large portion of her territory, and when her people were rich and prosperous.

It is to be hoped that Mr. Hayes' proclamation, warning trespassers off the Indian Territory, may be more effective in achieving its end than his civil service reform circular was in securing his, or rather that he may be more earnest in his efforts to enforce his orders respecting the Indians than he was to execute those he issued with regard to federal office holders.

If Governor Holliday were to follow the example of Governor Hamilton, of Maryland, and send a special message to the Virginia Legislature, urging the abolition of a number of State offices, including all sorts of inspectors, he would not only merit, but receive, the approbation of ninety-nine out of every hundred men in the State.

To-morrow will be St. Valentine's Day, a day honored in the times of the fair maid of Perth and since, but the breach of whose modern observance is more honored than their performance.

Governor Holliday has issued a requisition on the Governor of Maryland for Page Wallace, the negro ravisher who recently escaped from jail at Leeburg. News of a lynching affair may soon be expected from London county.

GOVERNOR OF THE DAY.

The Governor of New York has signed the bill admitting women to vote for school officers. Sidney Shores, of Somerset county, Md., has married a 14-year-old daughter and cousin, who is only 12 years old.

The House Ways and Means Committee have agreed upon continuing refunding operations by issuing 22 per cent. 20-40 bonds.

The Imperial Mills elevator, in Chicago, was blown down yesterday, and 125,000 bushels of wheat were spilled on the ground. It was 100 feet high, and 110 by 60 in extent, with a capacity of 200,000.

The greenback labor party has issued a call for congressional conventions, to elect delegates to the National Convention at Chicago, and presidential electors to be voted for at the coming fall election.

It is now finally known that Mr. John Allen, the missing representative of David Dows & Co., of Baltimore, is not a defaulter, and special search to discover his whereabouts has been abandoned.

J. J. Powers, a wealthy manufacturer of cotton seed oil, of St. Louis, having factories in Alexandria and St. Louis, who has been in Philadelphia some days to consult physicians as to his health, shot himself through the heart yesterday, at his rooms in the Continental Hotel, and died in a few minutes.

Ohio democrats say they must have at least three of the census supervisors, and until they see that number on a list from the White House, they do not intend to allow any enumeration. It is said at the Capitol that the President is reported to have refused the action of the Senate to reject the entire list, and is further reported that the President will send back the same list, with one or two exceptions.

The unemployed workmen in San Francisco yesterday visited several large factories and demanded the discharge of Chinese employed therein, in accordance with the provisions of the new constitution. The proprietors agreed to consider the matter. A bill is before the California legislature to enforce the provisions referred to. It passed the Senate yesterday by an overwhelming majority, and is expected to pass the House.

A newspaper dispute at Hollister, Cal., culminated yesterday in the fatal shooting of S. H. Brummett, editor of the Enterprise, by G. W. Carlton, editor of the Telegraph. Yesterday's issue of the Telegraph called Brummett a horse thief. Brummett met Carlton on the court house steps and asked him why he published these lies about him, when without speaking Carlton drew a pistol and shot Brummett, the ball penetrating the head between the eyes.

FOREIGN NEWS.

One man was killed and many persons were wounded by a collision on the Egyptian government railroad yesterday.

The Home Rule debate was continued in the House of Commons yesterday. Mr. O'Donnell, home ruler, spoke to empty benches.

An official statement shows that the total expenses and loss of resources to France arising from the Franco-German war were 13,939,000,000 francs.

The misunderstanding between England and Russia in regard to Persia and Herat continues. Persia wants a European commission to define her Asiatic frontier.

The German Parliament was opened yesterday by Count von Stollberg in the name of the Emperor. The speech from the throne declared for increased armaments, a continuation of the Socialist law, biennial budgets, and lands for the army of Berlin.

The Liverpool Courier says: "The imports of American live cattle so far this winter have been on a reduced scale, partly in consequence of the lower prices ruling here, and partly because of the great mortality attending the transit. Improved methods for the transportation of cattle from this country have been discovered and will be adopted at once."

FROM RICHMOND.

(Special Dispatch to the Alexandria Gazette.)

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA, February 13, 1880.—A bill is pending in the Senate to relieve Poindeux from wearing the prison garb of the penitentiary, and it is understood that he will be sent away from the city as a clerk upon some of the public works.

Argument in the suit of H. S. McComb and others vs. the W. & O. railroad was continued in the Circuit Court before Judge Wofford yesterday. Colonel R. H. Lee and Mr. R. B. Barons spoke. Hon. Thomas C. Bayard, one of the counsel for McComb spoke to-day and Judge Meredith and Robertson will wind up the argument probably to-morrow.

The investigation into the fight between Messrs. Archer and Frazier continues.

Mr. R. R. Farr, who has been on a visit to the State House in Petersburg, was in his seat in the House of Delegates yesterday.

Mr. Smith, of Alexandria, is now the only Senator absent from the city.

THE LATE ISAAC ADOLPHUS CARMICHAEL.—The death of this noted Israelite, which occurred in France a few days ago, is deeply lamented, not only by those of the Abrahamic seed, but by the whole of the world. He was in his 54th year at the time of his death, and was one of the greatest men of his day.

FATAL ACCIDENT.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Feb. 12.—James Cavanagh, aged 24 years, a local pedestrian, was killed this morning by a Pennsylvania Railroad train at this place. He was intoxicated.

Suspension.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—N. S. Prentiss announced his suspension to the Stock Exchange this morning.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.—A marriage license was issued in Washington D. C., and Edith Herriot, of this city, and to Wm. T. Ball and Julia A. Kidwell, both of Prince George's county, Md.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 13, 1880.

There was no session of the Senate to-day, that body having adjourned yesterday evening until Monday.

The House Committee on Commerce agreed this morning to report favorably what is known as the Henderson McCoid bill, providing for the appointment of three commissioners by the President, subject to the confirmation of the Senate, who shall take into consideration all matters pertaining to inter-State commerce, and report suggestions for the improvement of that commerce, and whose salary shall be \$5,000 per annum.

The House Committee on the District of Columbia agreed this morning to report a bill appropriating \$677,000 for the completion of the Washington Monument.

The Senate Committee on Pensions had Dr. Mary Walker before them this morning, pleading for a pension, against which the committee had previously reported. The Doctor looks haggard and weary now, but continues to fight for a pension with all the energy that characterized her former efforts in that direction.

The following changes in the Virginia post-offices were made to-day: R. F. Cannally was appointed postmaster at Snow Creek, Franklin county, via W. A. Copeland, resigned; Samuel Davis at Mount Station, Dinwiddie county, via R. E. Harwell, resigned; J. T. Pruden, at Myrtle, Nansemond county, via J. W. Taylor, resigned. The postoffice at Wickliffe, Clarke county, is discontinued for want of a candidate for the postmastership; also that at Sales' Mills, Orange county, for the same reason. Papers for the former will go to Kippoon, Jefferson county, W. Va., and let the latter to Nason's.

Generals Lilly and Wm. Preston Johnston, of Virginia, were among the strangers at the Capitol to-day.

The reason why Brooks, of the National Republican, was confirmed as consul to Cork was because it was supposed by the Senate that he was a son of James V. Brooks, of Warrenton. His appointment would not have been confirmed but for that mistake, and the mistake was not discovered until he had his commission and had started for Ireland.

The House Committee on Alcohol Traffic have agreed to report a bill for the prohibition of a commission of ten, to be selected equally from the liquor and anti-liquor men, and who are to serve without pay, but who shall employ a clerk who shall be paid, which commission shall investigate the whole subject of liquor traffic, and report the result of the investigation and such plan as they may suggest for its improvement.

Mr. Mauston, auditor of the State of Indiana, was before the Senate Exodous Committee yesterday morning. Mr. Windom tried hard to get him to acknowledge that the Irish and negroes were the same sort of immigrants, and that the reason the Indiana democrats did not object to the former was that they voted their ticket, but he wouldn't even listen to such a question, stating that there could be no comparison between the two classes of immigrants, for whereas the negroes were worthless and trifling and paupers, the Irish were industrious and the State was indebted to them for the building of its railroads and canals.

Colonel Thomas Carter, Railroad Commissioner of Virginia is in the city. He is opposed to the Reagan inter-State commerce bill. Mr. Jorgensen gave a birthday party Wednesday night, at which Attorney General Devens, Minister of the Interior, Mr. Wm. L. Lewis, District Attorney of Virginia, and other prominent republicans, but no democrats, were present.

General Hutton has been employed by S. O. Farley as assistant counsel in the W. & O. R. R. case, now in progress at Richmond, in defending the interests of McComb, Lewis & Co.

The national executive committee of the democratic party will meet at Willard's Hall here on the 22nd, to select a place for holding the national democratic convention.

When Rev. Dr. Bullock, chairman of the Senate, commenced his prayer yesterday, the only Senators present were Messrs. Kellogg, Ingalls, Hamilton, Ferry, Johnston, Harris, and Pryor. Messrs. Burnside, Bruce, and Logan came in during the prayer.

The recent report interview with ex-Senator Burnside is incorrect. That gentleman has not been here for some time. It was his son who was talking.

The Church of the Holy Trinity, at Harlem, N. Y., that was burned Tuesday, was the work of which Rev. Randolph McKim, formerly of Christ Church, in Alexandria, was the pastor. It was insured for \$10,000, and at a meeting, held immediately after the conflagration in a Presbyterian church, at which Rev. Dr. McKim and Rev. Mr. Tyne delivered stirring addresses, \$10,000 was raised at once, and a committee appointed to see about rebuilding the church immediately, though the congregation is \$30,000 in debt.

The recently discovered rich gold diggings in the Victoria mine, in Louisa county, Va., belong to Mr. Curtis, of this city, and the Jordans, of Louisa.

The Potomac Steamboat Company have purchased a controlling interest in the steamer George Leary, and with her and another boat which they contemplate building, will compete with the Inland and Seaboard Company for the Norfolk trade.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Mr. James Marshall, of Winchester, is very ill, and his death is expected.

The case of the Commonwealth against young Mosby and Lee, for fighting a duel near Annsborough Court House, has been dismissed.

While engaged as a hired carrier on the new hotel at the Fauquier White Sulphur Springs, Thursday, Isaac Ceram, colored, fell from the stair landing of the roof story to the first floor, his head striking first, and was instantly killed.

It is understood that Judge Weedon, of Prince William county, will hold on to his position until the Court of Appeals can decide upon his right to do so; also that Judge Suttle, who was flanked by the recently elected Judge Hunsell, and the County Court House, has declined to hold the next term of the court at Stafford Court House.

An invitation has been extended by the Mexican Veteran Association to the military companies, Knights Templar, Knights of Pythias, Grand Army of the Republic, and other organizations in the Tidewater counties of Virginia, to participate in the exercises to be held in Norfolk on the 22nd instant, upon the assembling of the National Association. Extensive preparations have been made for the occasion. President Hayes and other distinguished persons have been invited.

A meeting was held in Winchester last Saturday to consider the best means to secure additional railroad facilities for that town and Frederick county. A number of speeches were made, the prevailing sentiment seeming to favor the building of a railroad from Winchester to Martinsburg, a little over twenty miles, there to connect with the Cumberland Valley railroad. A resolution was adopted requesting the County Court to authorize a vote to be taken upon the question of a subscription for the construction of the Winchester and Martinsburg extension, and for a connection with the Shenandoah Valley railroad, in Clarke county.

Tornado.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 13.—A dispatch from Nashville, Tenn., says: A tornado struck the city at 11 o'clock last night, accompanied by rain. Great damage was done in different parts of the city, and several casualties are reported.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.
RICHMOND, VA., February 12, 1880.

To-day there was some discussion in the House over the bill of Mr. Muskhatch "authorizing the conveyance of the State's interest in a lot of land, in Alexandria county, of which James Hilton, died, seized, and which was escheated by the Commonwealth to said county for poor-house purposes." Mr. Muskhatch spoke in advocacy of the bill and briefly explained its provisions.

Mr. Green, of Stafford, objected to the bill, as he did not see why the State of Virginia should give Alexandria county a piece of land valued at \$300.

Mr. Muskhatch in reply said it could not be regarded as giving a piece of land of the value of \$300. The question was what it is worth and what it will sell for. Escheated land, he said, usually sells for a mere trifle. He said the escheator in this case had made an effort after four weeks constant advertisement to sell this land and he could not get a bid.

Mr. Moffett thought it would be a very easy matter for the Board of Supervisors of Alexandria county to become the purchasers of this land. It was only a question whether the Legislature would give it to them or sell it to them.

The bill was passed.

An effort will be made by the patron of the Riddlebaker bill to get it up in the Senate Monday. Much grumbling is heard in certain quarters over the bill and it may be that the Massieys will rally in strong force against it. The bill to incorporate the county of "Dickinson" was passed in the House to-day. One of the stalwarts has been hanging around for some weeks of the new county. But now it is understood that no judge can be elected for this county as the State has already been apportioned.

Among those who signed the petition against the proposed amendments to the Friday law is Parson Massey.

Now it has been the aim of the malcontents, that is those who are trying to get up a readjustment party in Richmond, to gain power by repealing the Sunday law. Mr. John D. Sadlirg, a liquor dealer and one of the new party [he called] has sent in his resignation as a member of the City Conservative Committee. So it will be seen that the Parson is going against Mahone again.

It is proposed to make from a portion of the counties of Russell, Wise and Buchanan the new county of Dickinson. Mr. Gibson, of Fauquier, in speaking of the bill to-day, observed that the average assessment of land in Buchanan county is twenty-two cents an acre. It is known that this new county is called Dickinson after the patron of the bill, Wm. G. Dickinson, of Russell. Mr. Charles Rogers, of Richmond, moved to amend the bill by calling the county "William G. Dickinson" instead of Dickinson. The motion was lost. Mr. Gibson said it was proposed to call this new county Dickinson because the patron of the bill has not been able to hand down his name to posterity in any other way. Mr. Gibson said that as Mr. Dickinson could not father a bright, buoyant boy the Legislature ought to permit him to father a county.

The Washington, Baltimore and Chesapeake Railroad bill has been postponed in the Senate on account of the absence of Senator Smith, of Alexandria. Mr. Sherrard, the patron of the bill, gives notice that he does not intend to postpone it any longer.

Mr. Flandrigher, whose marriage took place Wednesday night, has not yet been taken from the jail. It is said that he will be sent away with one of the gang of bands who go up the country to work on some of the railroads.

Dr. Moffett has, at last, taken little part in caucus work. His plan was, it is understood, to pay \$20,000,000, but it is said that the plan of such a thing horrified the faithful that the doctor was given the cold shoulder. And now, after all, this grand jubilation about the great debt plan, it is not yet a favorite with the caucus. There is much grumbling about it. The Massieys do not like to swallow the thing.

It seems that the majority will pass the bill to amend the charter of the city of Richmond regardless of the interest of the people of Richmond. Like some people the majority goes by the rule of contraries.

Nothing has been done to improve the ventilation of the House yet, save the closing of the galleries. This helps, but the place is still rather much "on a follow." This closing of the galleries is rather rough on the outside world who have to loose the space debates which were once heard with delight.

That stranger bill, incorporating a thing to be known as the United States Commercial Co., was passed in the House on Wednesday last, and gives its incorporators power to buy land, do a banking business, build railroads, mine all the minerals they can, and to fast nearly everything except all sewing machines. And it is almost exclusively in the hands of northern capitalists.

COURT OF APPEALS, YESTERDAY.—Paris mouth Insurance Company vs. Rynald's.—Petition for rehearing denied.

Rose and wife vs. Sharpless & Son. Petition for rehearing denied.

Gray et al. vs. Stuart & Palmer. Appeal allowed, and supersedeas awarded to a decree of the Circuit Court of Washington county, pronounced 24th of January, 1880.

Taylor vs. Southern Mutual Insurance Company. From the Circuit Court of Franklin county. Reversed. Judge Monroa delivering the opinion; Judge Anderson not concurring. In this case Judge Burks did not sit.

Shelton vs. Becklen, trustee. From the Circuit Court of Frederickburg. Reversed. Judge Christian delivering the opinion; Judges Burks and Staples dissenting.

Tony vs. Powell's administrator. From the Circuit Court of Franklin county. Affirmed. Judge Anderson delivering the opinion. Judge Burks did not sit.

Simmons vs. Jamieson. From the Circuit Court of Danville. Reversed. Judge Staples delivering the opinion.

Carter, ex. vs. Grant's administrator. From the Circuit Court of the city of Richmond. Affirmed. Judge Burks delivering the opinion.

Shumate vs. Hume's administrator. Dismissed.

Battilo vs. Maryland Hospital for insane. Dismissed.

Hughes vs. Harvey. Dismissed.

DEATH OF JAMES MARSHALL.—The death of James Marshall, which occurred at the residence of Judge Sherrard on Wednesday last, deprives Winchester, and indeed the State, of one of its oldest notabilities.

Mr. M. was one of the most widely known members of the Virginia bar, and his opinions on points of law always carried with them exceptional weight. For many years before his death he had been out of active practice; but was constantly sought by other practitioners as a guide or referee. He was attractive also by his personal qualities, as a man and a conversationalist. Old friends he attached strongly to him, and his society was especially cultivated by young men.

Mr. Marshall was a member of the Virginia Convention of 1861, which passed the ordinance of secession, having been elected from Frederick county. His colleagues in that body was the late Robert V. Conrad. Since the war Mr. Marshall served a term in the Legislature, representing Fauquier county. He remains with him taken to Fauquier for burial.

The deceased had attained the age of 78 years. He was a nephew of the Chief Justice, of Winchester News.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 13, 1880.

SENATE.
The Senate was not in session to-day, having adjourned yesterday until Monday.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
On motion of Mr. Forney, of Ala., the Senate amendments to the Military Academy appropriation bill were not considered.

Mr. Wells, of Missouri, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported back the bill making an additional appropriation of \$135,000 for the support of certain Indian tribes during the present fiscal year as follows:

For the Pawnees, \$15,000; for the Shoshone Indians, \$15,000; for the Arapahoes, Cheyennes, Apaches, Kiowas, Comanches, and Wichitas who have been collected upon the reservation set apart for their use, \$50,000; for Nezperces of Joseph's band, \$10,000; for Adirondacks, etc., \$15,000.

Mr. Wells spoke in support of the bill, stating that it was not passed there would exist a great danger of the Indians going on the war path.

The bill was then passed.

Mr. Frye, of Me., from the Committee on the Interior and Canal, reported a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Navy for all information and correspondence touching the international canal now in possession of his Department and not heretofore published.

Adopted.

Mr. Cuvier, of N. Y., chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, asked leave to report the bill authorizing the Commissioner on Agriculture to send in person or by deputy the international seed and sheep exhibition to be held in Philadelphia in September next, but Mr. Beale, of Va., objected.

The Speaker then proceeded to call committees for reports of a private nature.

The Speaker announced that the special order for to-day was the consideration of the bill for the relief Gen. Fitz John Porter.

Mr. Bright, of Tenn., raised the question of consideration against the bill, and the House refused—yeas 41, nays not counted—to consider the bill, and then, at 2:10, went into committee on the private calendar.

LEGISLATIVE.
RICHMOND, VIRGINIA, February 13, 1880.—In the Senate yesterday the amendments of the House to the bill incorporating the United States Commercial Company were adopted.

Mr. Keiser, in behalf of a majority of the committee on Public Legislation, reported a bill to exempt John E. Poindeux from wearing the uniform prescribed by law for convicts, to which an amendment was added providing that if at any time the said Poindeux shall be incarcerated within the prison walls of the penitentiary, during such incarceration he shall not enjoy the benefit of this act.

A resolution was adopted calling on the Auditor for information in reference to principal and interest of the State debt from 1861 to 1869.

A substitute for the bill prescribing the duties, powers, &c., of the Treasurer, as agreed upon by the "Treasury" Convention, was adopted.

The Baltimore, Cincinnati and Western Railroad bill was considered.

In the House of Delegates a resolution was introduced requesting the Committee on Constitutional Amendments to inquire and report the expediency of abolishing the office of county treasurer, and require the duties of such office to be performed by the sheriff as formerly.

Bills were introduced appropriating money for the payment of compensation to married soldiers, sailors, and marines in lieu of aridial bursar, since heretofore provided by law; to amend section 20 of chapter 180 of the Code in relation to clerk's fees; to prevent the killing or chasing of deer by dogs in the counties of Albemarle, Bath, Highland, and Rockingham, and authorizing the conveyance of the State's interest in a lot of land in Alexandria county, of which James Hilton died seized, and which he escheated to the Commonwealth, to said county for poor house purposes.

The bill for the formation of the county of Dickinson from a part of the counties of Wise, Buchanan and Russell was passed.

INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS.
(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

RICHMOND, VA., Feb. 10.—At a regular meeting of Buckland Lodge, No. 198, I. O. G. T., held at this place on Thursday, Feb. 5, the following officers were installed for the ensuing term: J. E. Thorderry, W. C. T.; Mary E. Campbell, W. V. T.; Miss Lillie Thornderry, W. S. T.; Miss Grace Herdell, W. P. S.; Mrs. M. L. Thornderry, W. E. T.; Wm. C. J. R. Lyman, W. M.; R. I. Pater, W. I. O. T.; Wm. McIntosh, W. O. T.; J. W. McIntosh, R. H. S.; Mrs. M. M. McIntosh, L. H. S.; W. W. Sanders, W. A. S.; S. E. Compton, D. M.; W. W. Sanders, L. D.

This lodge was organized Aug. 27, 1877, with about fifteen charter members, and since that period has had a great many accessions, although we met with a good deal of opposition, and it is surprising to see so many of our best and most influential men still holding back from the cause, and yet acknowledge it is a fine institution. While there are some good men who are not Good Templars, we have hundreds that are. May the time come when the bar rooms be few and far between, and the Good Templars shouting victory through this entire land over King Alcohol.

PROCLAMATION BY THE PRESIDENT.—Religious information having been received that preparations are making for an organized and forcible possession of and settlement upon lands in the Indian Territory, the President has issued the following proclamation:

"I hereby admonish and warn all such persons intending or preparing to remove into said territory, without permission of the proper agent of the Indian Department, against any attempt to remove or settle upon any of the lands of said territory; and I do further warn and notify said persons who may so offend that they will be speedily and immediately removed therefrom by the agent, according to the laws made and provided, and that no efforts will be spared to prevent the invasion of said territory, rumors spread by evil disposed persons to the contrary notwithstanding, and, if necessary, the aid and assistance of the military forces of the United States will be invoked to carry into proper execution the laws of the United States therein referred to."

R. B. HAYES.

GRANGERS.
PETERSBURG, Va., Feb. 13.—The Virginia State Grange of Patrons of Husbandry, which has been in session here for some days past, adjourned at midnight last night to meet in annual session at Farmville, Va., in February next. During the session considerable business looking to the welfare of the Order was considered, and officers for the ensuing two years were elected. Dr. Jas. M. Blanton was re-elected Master.

RECOVERED.—The horse purchased on last Tuesday by Chas. Grayson, colored, for six dollars and a pistol from a young man who gave the name of Charles Green, turns out to have been stolen by the youth, whose name is Tyson, from his father, who lives in Culpeper. Sergeant Edington pursued and captured young Tyson in Stafford and took from him the money and pistol received from Grayson and put the horse in Haydon's stable. The father and Grayson were before the Mayor this morning, who decided that the expense and fee to the officer making the arrest should be equally borne by them. The young man was committed to await the action of the Culpeper authorities.—Fredericksburg Star.

The Rev. Alex. Keith, the traveller and author, is dead.